

KS₁ PARENT AND CAREER WORKSHOP

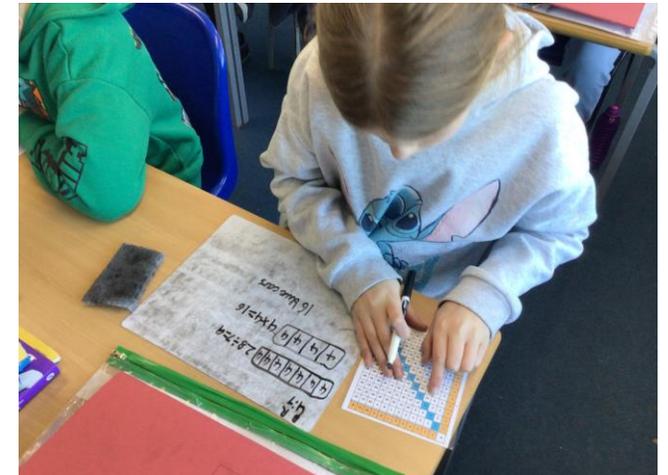
Arbury Primary School

Aims of the session

- What does Maths look like at Arbury Primary School?
- To explain concrete, pictorial and abstract approaches in maths.
- To understand what Mastery Maths is.
- Ways to support at home.

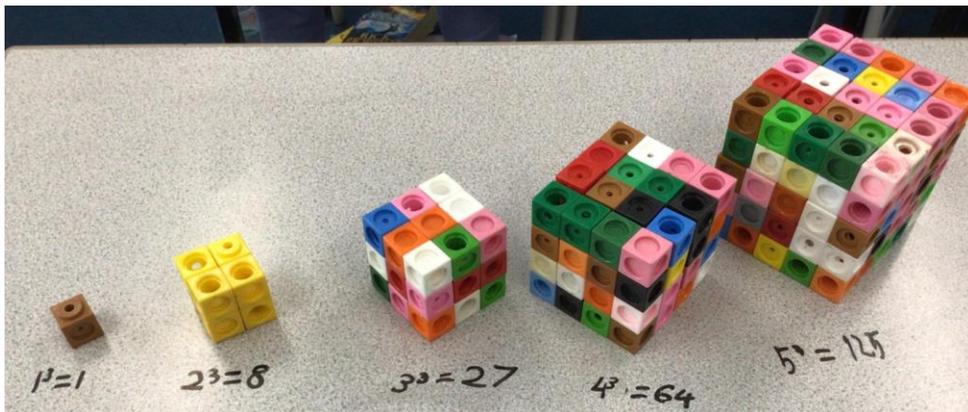
Maths at Arbury Primary School

- At Arbury, we follow the White Rose scheme which recognises that by nurturing positive attitudes and building confidence in mathematics, all children can achieve.
- Concepts are built in small, logical steps and are explored through clear mathematical structures and representations.



Maths at Arbury Primary School

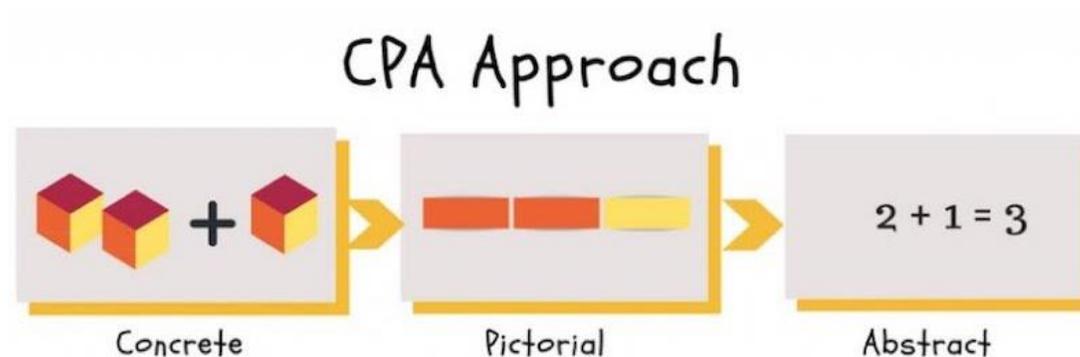
- Children are taught together as a whole class and the focus is on depth - not acceleration - so that all children have a chance to embed learning.
- Children complete regular arithmetic tests, use TT Rockstars and regularly revisit previous learning.



The CPA approach

We teach maths using the concrete, pictorial, abstract approach (CPA).

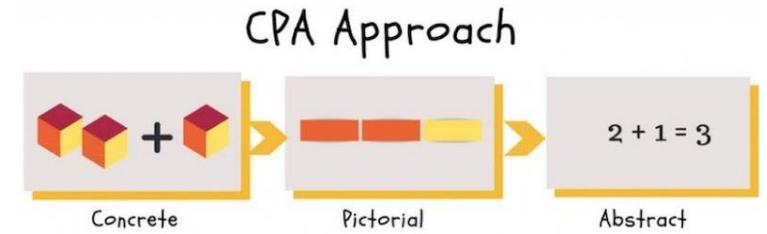
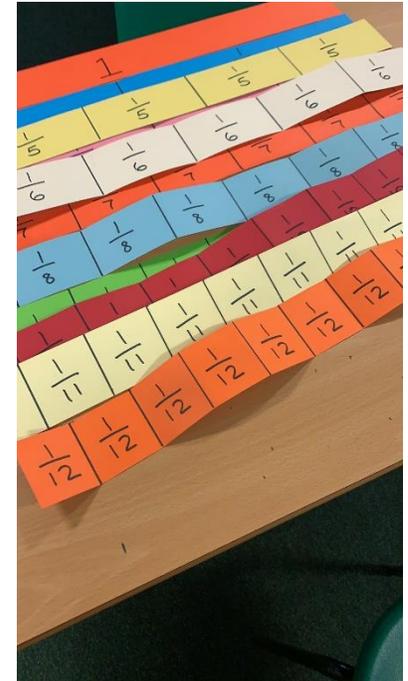
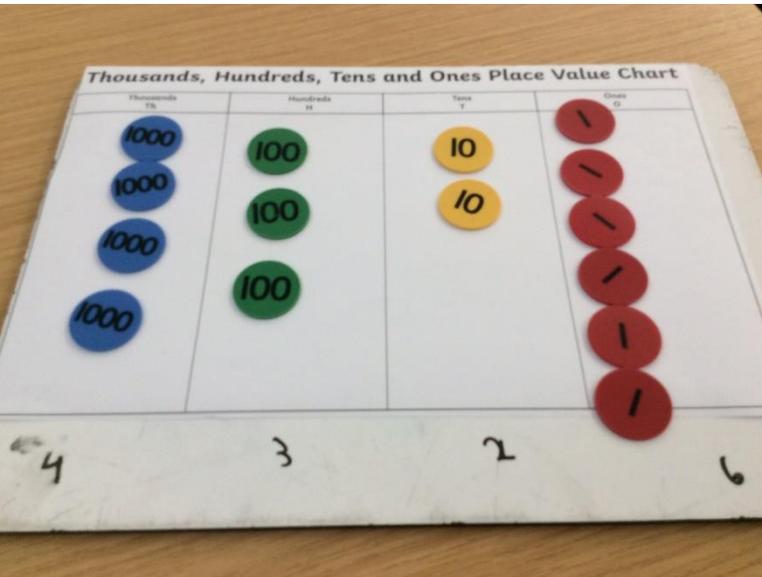
Maths should be practical for all ages and the CPA approach, used at any time and with any age, supports understanding.



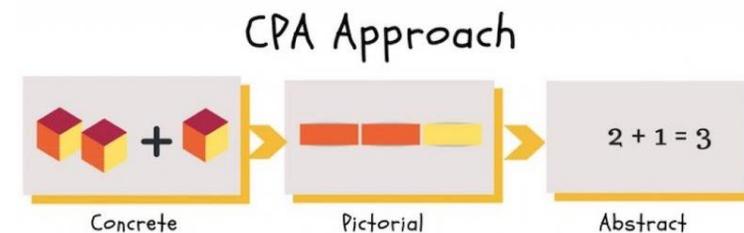
Concrete

Using physical objects to solve maths problems.

Introducing real objects that can be manipulated to bring the problem to life. E.g. money, counters, fractions wall etc.



Pictorial

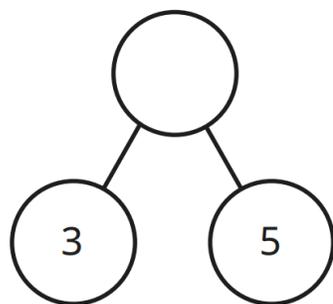


Using drawings to solve maths problems.

Once children are comfortable with solving problems with concrete materials, they are given problems with pictures – usually pictorial representations of the concrete objects they were using.

3 Complete the part-whole models and sentences.

a)



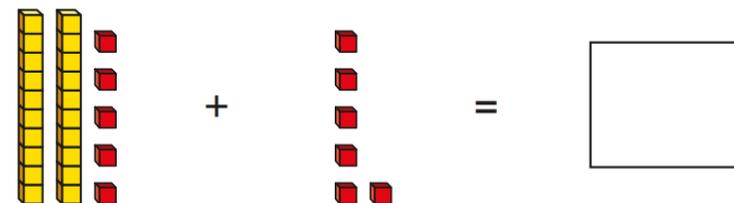
is a part.

is a part.

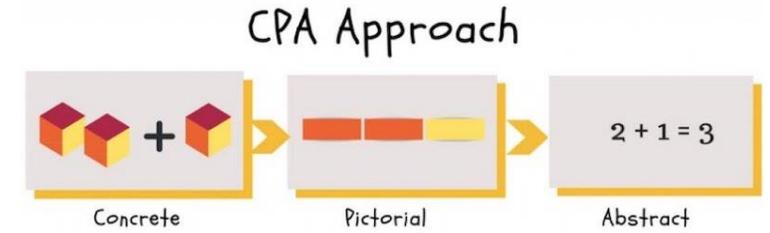
is the whole.

5 Complete the additions.

a)



Abstract



Using numbers to solve maths problems.

The final stage is for children to understand abstract mathematical concepts, signs and notation. When a child demonstrates with concrete models and pictorial representations that they have grasped a concept, we can be confident that they are ready to explore the abstract.

3 Complete the subtractions.

a) $8 - 1 =$

$18 - 1 =$

b) $6 - 4 =$

$16 - 4 =$

4 Complete the sentences.

a) 10 more than 13 is

b) 10 less than 81 is

What is mastery?

Maths mastery is a teaching and learning approach that aims for pupils to develop deep understanding of maths rather than being able to memorise key procedures or resort to rote learning.

There are 4 main aspects of mastery.

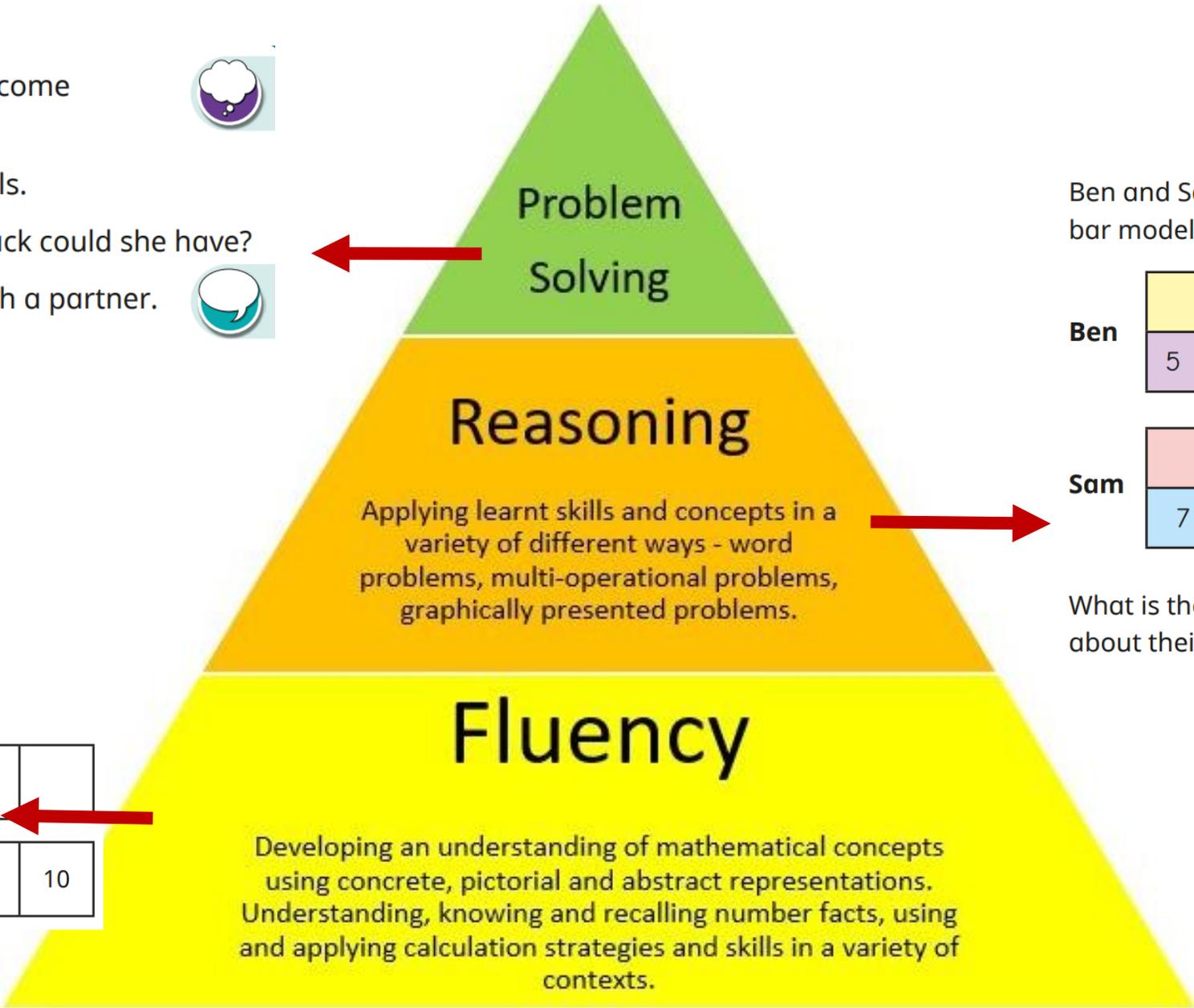
- A mastery approach
- A mastery curriculum
- Teaching for mastery
- Achieving mastery

Tubes of tennis balls come in packs of 2 and 5

Fay has 22 tennis balls.

How many of each pack could she have?

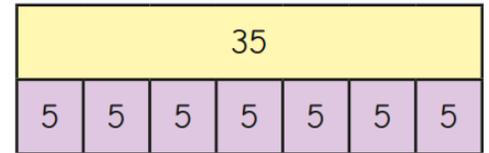
Compare answers with a partner.



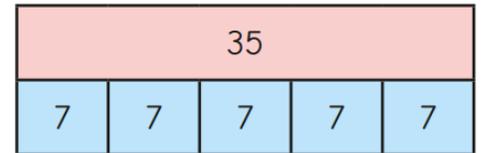
Ben and Sam both draw bar models to show 7×5



Ben

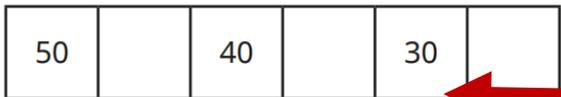


Sam



What is the same and what is different about their bar models?

Complete the number tracks.



Ways to support at home

White Rose (Parent resources section)



Maths with Michael

A video player interface for 'Maths with Michael'. The video title is 'Has maths changed?'. The navigation menu includes: Has maths changed? (selected), 1. Place Value, 2. Subtraction, 3. Multiplication, 4. Division, 5. Fractions, and 6. Algebra. The video shows a man sitting at a desk with a laptop and a calculator. The video player controls at the bottom show a play button, a progress bar at 04:04, and a 'NEXT' button with a right arrow.



BBC Bitesize